

## Homework answers –AK lead

- 1) 2 D – a negative (“get lost” ) signal
- 2) (a) the same 2 diamonds – you may have got this wrong believing that the J being an Hon should be indicated ( with the 6).  
The reason for playing a negative signal is that partner who has the AK3 wants to know whether to cash the K and then lead the 3. If you signal high partner will assume you can take a trick ( with say the Q ) – you cant take a trick so put partner off with the 2  
(b) Now a 6 to show the Q –u want partner to continue the suit  
(c ) the 9 –u want a ruff  
(d) well you wont know this (blame me ) but actually when you have the Q + J and partner leads the Ace , then you are supposed to play the Q ( to show the J). You didn't know it but u do now ! So the Q promises the J  
So next time partner leads an Ace and you have Q5 you will play ? yes the 5  
We only play the Q when we have Q singleton (duh ..) or QJ or QJ(x) or QJ(x)(x)
- 3) on the 9 diamonds play the K and then another  
on the 2 diamonds don't play the K instead switch [ to the J hearts or 3 clubs ]
- 4) i) on the 9 diamonds play the K and then another and watch partner ruff the 3<sup>rd</sup> D  
ii) don't play K diamonds –switch
- 5) well (b) certainly is. Only 10 pts but 100% an opener  
and (a) ? I would pass but there are some reprobates who open these
- 6) (i) 5Sp + 5 Hrts ie we rebid the 2<sup>nd</sup> suit not the 1<sup>st</sup> to show length in the 2<sup>nd</sup> and by inference equal or greater length in the 1<sup>st</sup>  
(ii) 3Sp + 5H + 4C
- 7) a) 2D a DGR to ve followed by a bid of 4Sp  
b) 4C a splinter  
c) 4Sp a gambling raise
- 8) haven't looked at (ii) yet but here in (i) I can see we have 8 tricks on top.  
One successful finesse will give us the 9<sup>th</sup> trick.  
We simply play the 2 to the Q ie a 50% shot -if the finesse works we make 9 and if it doesn't we go off.  
Why not finesse the 10 rather than the Q ? coz that's only a 25% chance and is likely to lose ( to the K or J ) and you cant afford to lose a trick at all.  
  
(ii) ok now Ive seen it its broadly similar to (i) [ we have 8 tricks ] but is different in that now we can afford to lose a trick. ( If we lose one trick we still have the Ace hrts to save us ]. Here we should finesse the 10 spades FIRST .....and if it loses ( probably it will ) we will next finesse the Q. These combined finesses , 1<sup>st</sup> the 10 then the Q give us a combined 75 percentage chance of making 1 trick.  
  
Do I think you are well up on %s and will follow that ? ...maybe but even if you aren't just learn if you can afford to lose a trick the “harder” finesse should be taken first ( the less likely to win ) as long as you can follow it with the more likely to win finesse next.

